

Joint analysis of mode and playing technique in guqin performance with machine learning

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Introduction

* Research aims:

- To bridge the knowledge gap between the music theory and empirical observations
- To highlight the connection between the high-level structure and local elements in guqin music

* Research methods:

- Compile a guqin performance dataset, GQ 39
- Perform pattern matching for the mode detection
- Construct Convolutional neural network for the playing technique classification

GQ39 dataset

* Guqin (古琴):

- Plucked seven-string musical instrument
- UNESCO World Cultural Heritage



* Pentatonic scale:

Musical notation for the Pentatonic scale (Gong, Shang, Jue, Zhi, Yu) on a treble clef staff. Below the staff, the note degrees and names are listed:

Note degree	1	2	3	5	6
Note name	宫(Gong)	商(Shang)	角(Jue)	徵(Zhi)	羽(Yu)

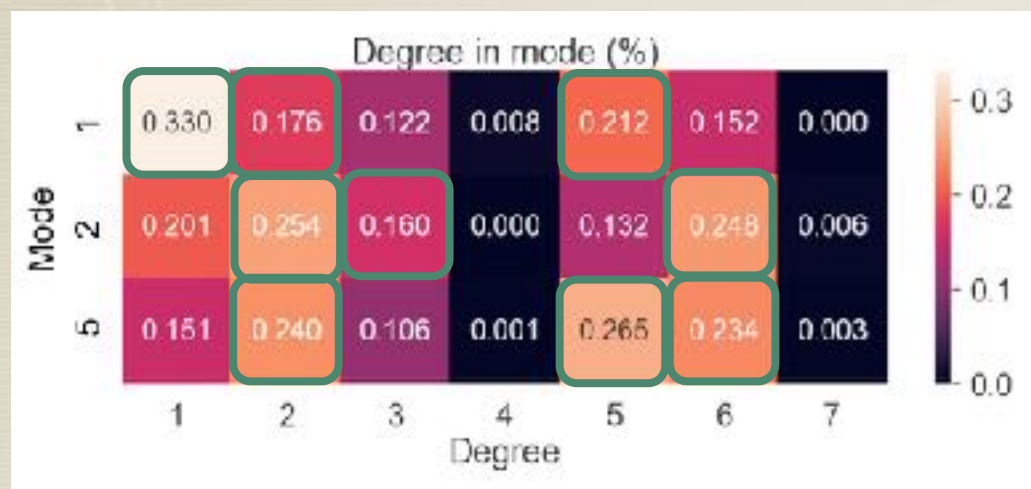
Rank	Mode 1	Mode 2	Mode 3	Mode 5	Mode 6
1st	1	2	3	5	6
2nd	5	6	-	2	3
3rd	2	3	-	6	-

* GQ39 dataset:

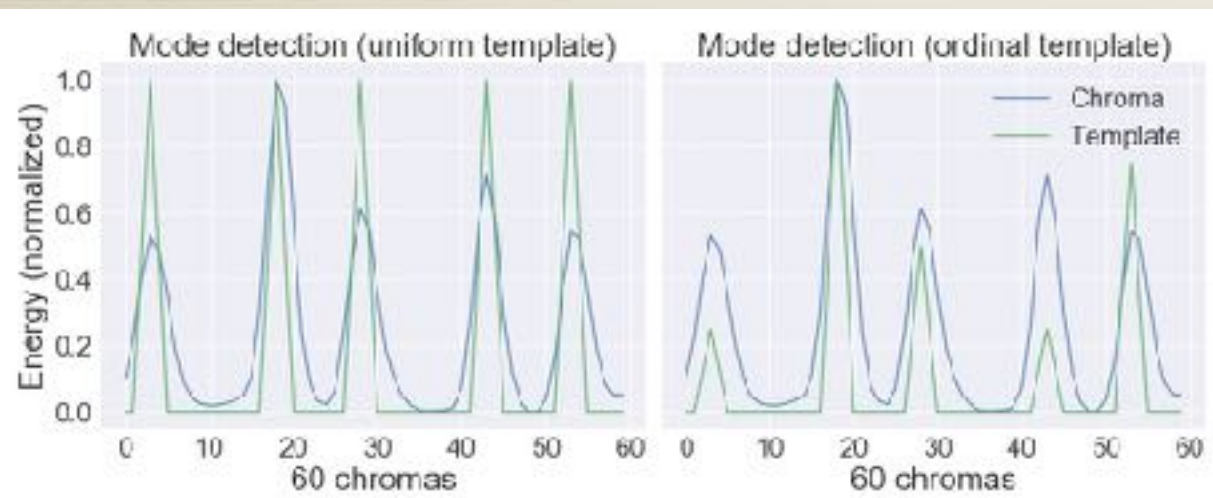
- 39 audio clips from 10 guqin solo compositions
- Historical recordings from 1960 to 1990
- Note-by-note annotations by professional musician

Mode detection

- * The relationship between mode & degree



- * Mode detection with uniform template (left) & Ordinal template with structural information (right)



Type	CQT		Saliency		Contour	
Result	uni	ord	uni	ord	uni	ord
Correct #	14	34	19	29	17	30
Fifth #	4	4	5	8	6	8
Miss #	21	1	15	2	16	1
Accuracy	0.41	0.92	0.55	0.84	0.51	0.87

Playing technique classification

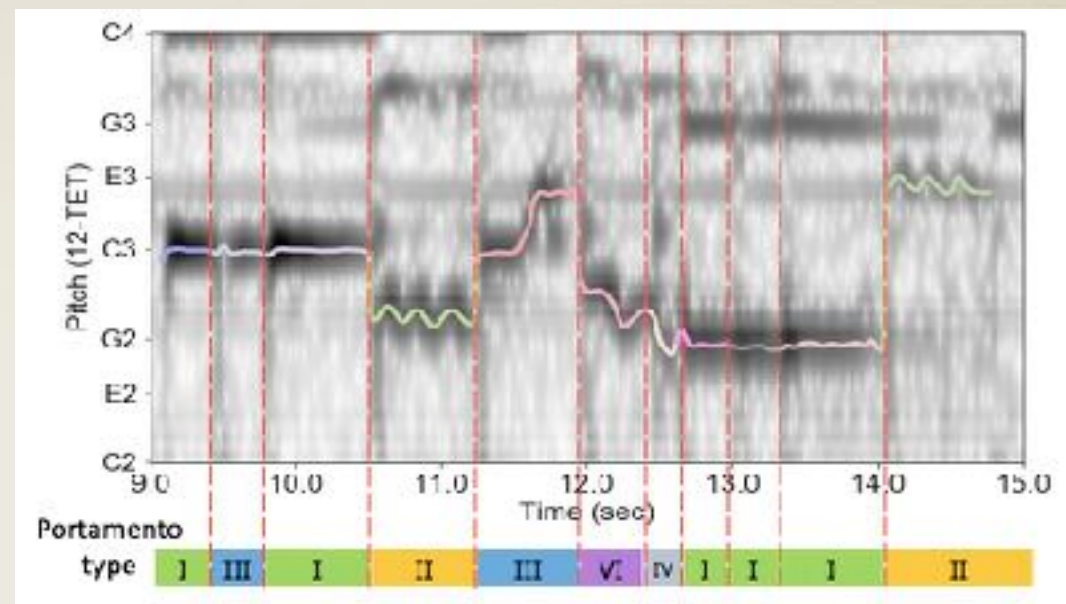
* Data extraction

- Constant-Q transform (CQT)
- Pitch salience function: Crepe
- Estimated pitch contour

Estimate pitch contour $\mathcal{S} := \{s_i\}_{i=1}^N$

From Crepe $X \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times N}$

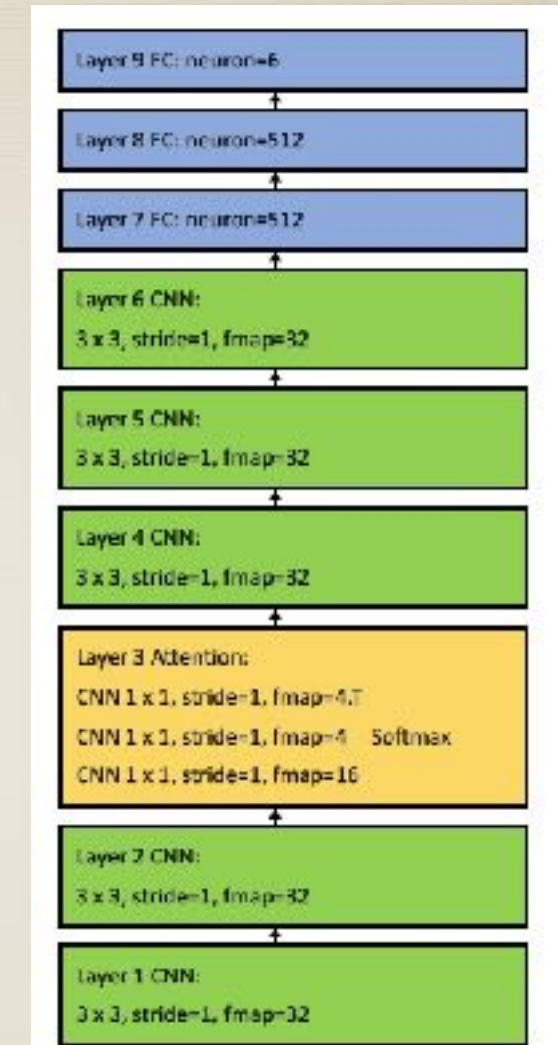
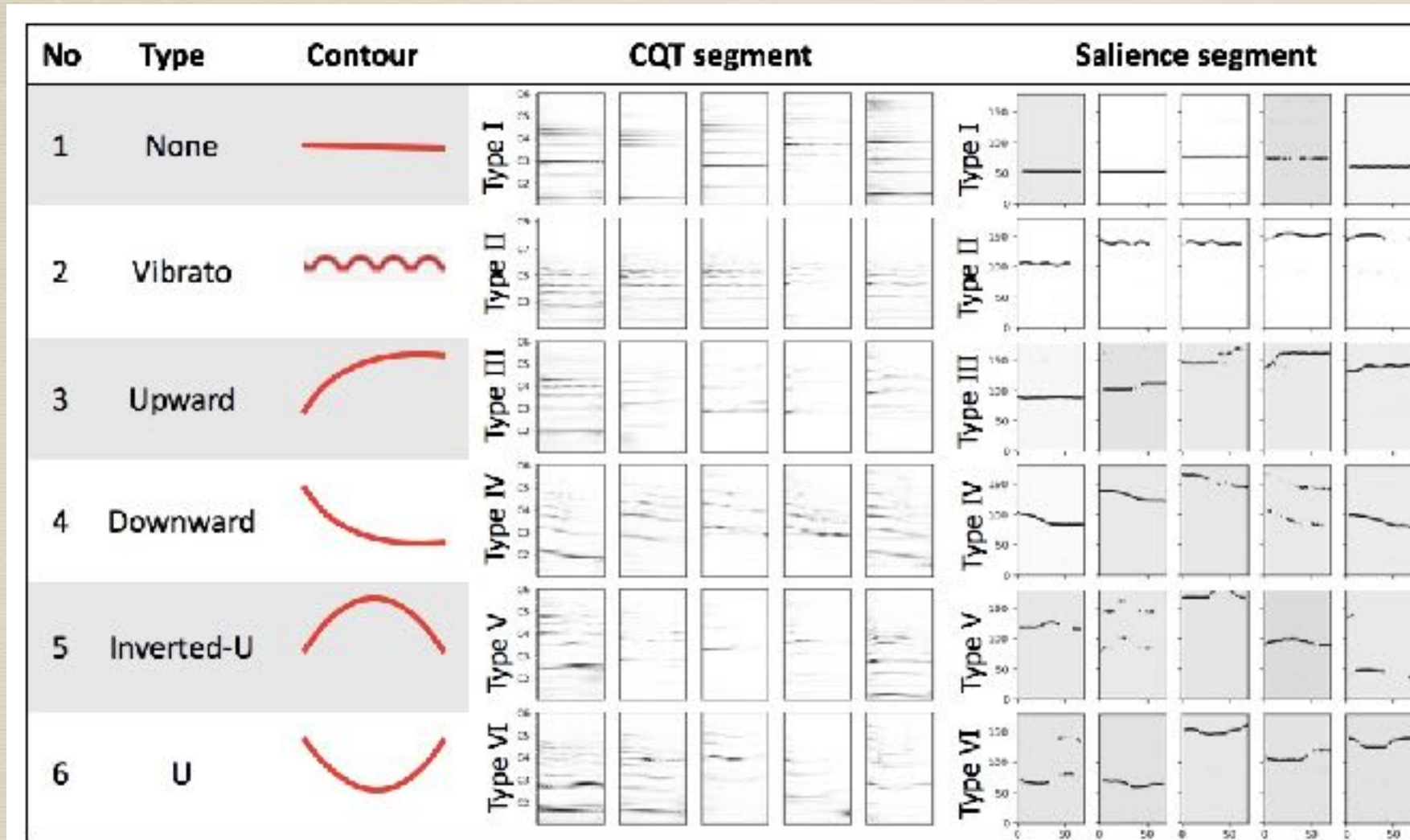
$$\mathcal{S}^* = \arg \max_{\mathcal{S}} \sum_{i=1}^N X[:, s_i] - \lambda \sum_{i=2}^N |s_{i+1} - s_i|.$$



* Classification for 6 types of left-hand playing techniques

6 types of left-hand portamento techniques

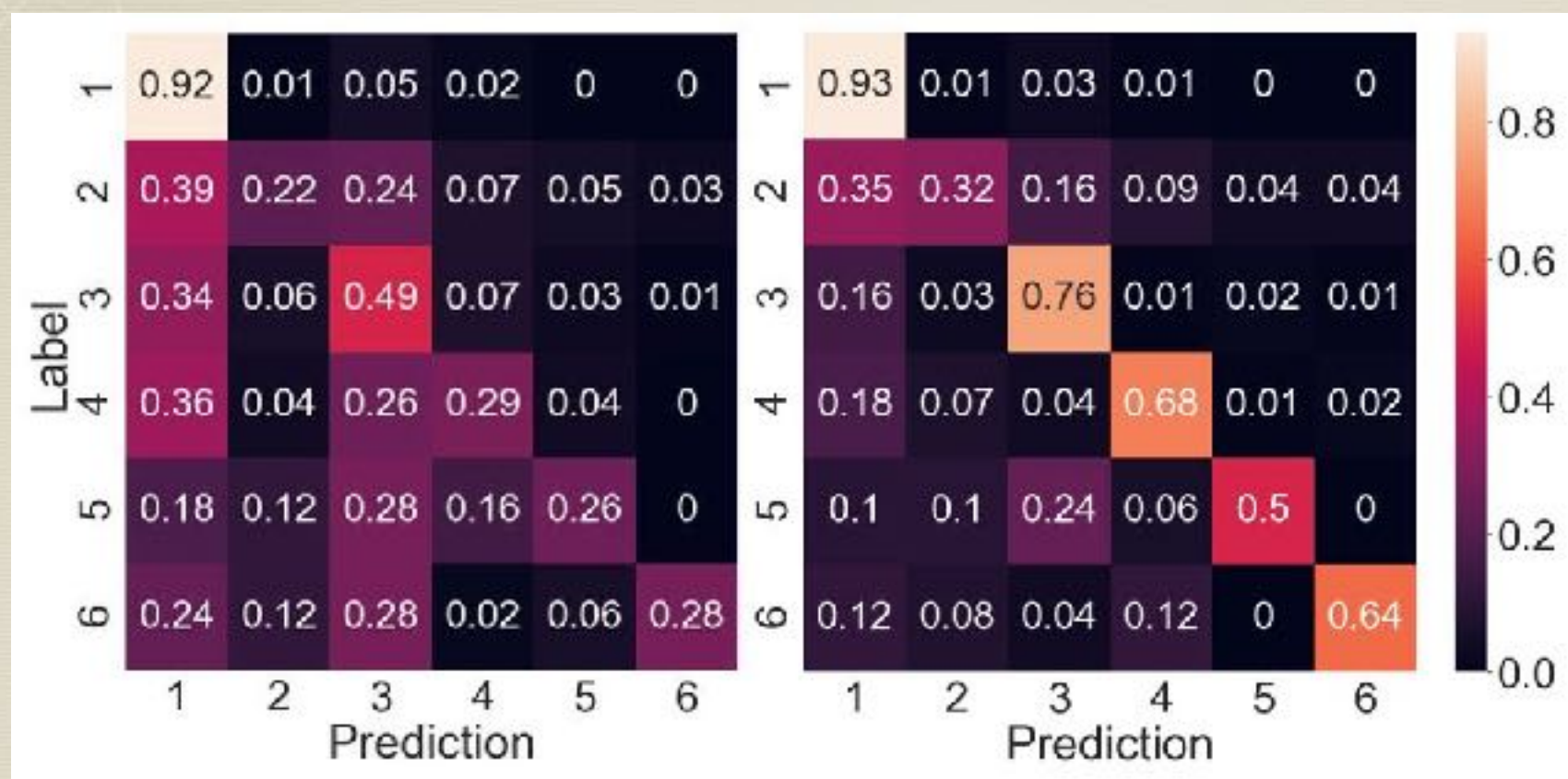
CNN architecture



* Classification results

* Frame-level features only

* With mid-, high-level features



Data type	CQT	Saliency	Contour
Frame-level only	0.743	0.845	0.842
With mid-, high-level	0.840	0.839	0.842

Conclusion

The experimental results:

- ✦ Identify crucial components contributing to the mode detection and playing technique classification tasks
- ✦ Highlight the connection between the high-level structure and local elements in guqin music

For more information regarding GQ39 dataset,
please visit our GitHub website:

